

Section IV

8. (a) If $A + iB = \cos(x + iy)$, then prove that
 $(1 + A)^2 + B^2 = (\cosh y + \cos x)^2$. **2.5**

(b) Prove that :

$$(i^i)^i = \cos(4n+1)\frac{\pi}{2} - i \sin(4n+1)\frac{\pi}{2}. \quad \mathbf{2.5}$$

9. (a) Find the sum of series :

$\sin \alpha + \sin 2\alpha + \sin 3\alpha + \dots$ to n terms and deduce the sum of the series $1 + 2 +$

$$3 + \dots n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}. \quad \mathbf{2.5}$$

(b) Find α if :

$$\sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + \cos^{-1} \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}. \quad \mathbf{2.5}$$

Roll No.

Exam Code : M-21

Subject Code—52899

B. A. EXAMINATION

(Batch 2018) (Main)

(Fifth Semester)

MATHEMATICS

BAMH-303 (i)

Number Theory and Trigonometry

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 24

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all. Q. No. 1 is compulsory which is of 4 marks. remaining all questions carry equal marks.

(Compulsory Question)

1. (a) Find a such that $a \equiv 8 \pmod{3}$. **0.5**
 (b) Evaluate $\phi(10000)$. **0.5**
 (c) State Fermat's theorem. **0.5**

- (d) State Wilson's theorem. **0.5**
- (e) Find the principal and general value of $\text{Log}(-5)$. **0.5**
- (f) Resolve $\log(1 - \cos 2\theta + i \sin 2\theta)$. **0.5**
- (g) Show that $16! + 1$ is divisible by 17 for any integer n . **0.5**
- (h) Prove that $\tan(ix) = i \tanh x$. **0.5**

Section I

- 2. (a) Find all solutions in integers of the linear Diophantine equation $40x + 63y = 521$. **2.5**
- (b) Solve the congruence $6x \equiv 3 \pmod{75}$. **2.5**
- 3. (a) Find the remainder 3^{181} is divided by 17. **2.5**
- (b) Find the least positive integer x such that :
 $x \equiv 1 \pmod{3}, x \equiv 2 \pmod{4}, x \equiv 3 \pmod{5}$. **2.5**

Section II

- 4. (a) Find the number of positive integers ≤ 10000 that are co-prime to 10000. **2.5**
- (b) Write a complete residue system modulo 11 composed entirely of multiples of 2. **2.5**
- 5. (a) Find the number and sum of positive divisors of 3000. **2.5**
- (b) Define Mobius function and calculate its value for 5000. **2.5**

Section III

- 6. (a) Determine whether $x^2 \equiv 2 \pmod{61}$ is solvable or not. **2.5**
- (b) Find the quadratic residue and quadratic non-residue of 13. **2.5**
- 7. (a) State and prove Quadratic Reciprocity law. **2.5**
- (b) Evaluate $\left(\frac{7}{13}\right)$ using Gauss Lemma. **2.5**